

$$\sum_{m=1}^M \left\{ -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m_p} \left[\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r^2 \frac{d}{dr} \right) - \frac{l(l+1)}{r^2} \right] + \frac{1}{2} m_p \omega^2 r^2 - E_{ml}^{HO} \right\} R_{ml}^{HO}(r) a_m(nlj) = 0 \quad (A.19)$$

Sottraendo la (A.19) alla (A.18) si ottiene

$$\sum_{m=1}^M (V_{cent.}(r) + V_{s.o.}(r) + V_c(r) - \frac{1}{2} m_p \omega^2 r^2 + E_{nlj}^{HO}) a_m(nlj) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) = E_{nlj} \sum_{m=1}^M a_m(nlj) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) \quad (A.20)$$

Si moltiplica per $R_{m'l'}^{*HO}(r)$ e si integra

$$\begin{aligned} & \int dr r^2 R_{m'l'}^{*HO} \sum_{m=1}^M (V_{cent.}(r) + V_{s.o.}(r) + V_c(r) - \frac{1}{2} m_p \omega^2 r^2 + E_{ml}^{HO}) a_m(nlj) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) = \\ & = E_{nlj} \int dr r^2 R_{m'l'}^{*HO}(r) \sum_{m=1}^M a_m(nlj) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) \end{aligned} \quad (A.21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{m=1}^M a_m(nlj) \left\{ E_{ml}^{HO} \delta_{mm'} + \int dr r^2 R_{m'l'}^{*HO}(r) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) [V_{cent.}(r) + V_{s.o.}(r) + V_c(r) - \frac{1}{2} m_p \omega^2 r^2] \right\} = \\ & = E_{nlj} \sum_{m=1}^M a_m(nlj) \delta_{mm'} = E_{nlj} a_{m'}(nlj) \end{aligned} \quad (A.22)$$

Il problema è stato ridotto quindi alla risoluzione della seguente equazione agli autovalori

$$H_{nlj} a(nlj) = E_{nlj} a(nlj) \quad (A.23)$$

con

$$H_{mm'}^{nlj} = E_{ml}^{HO} \delta_{mm'} + \int dr r^2 R_{m'l'}^{*HO}(r) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) [V_{cent.}(r) + V_{s.o.}(r) + V_c(r) - \frac{1}{2} \omega^2 r^2] \quad (A.24)$$

Normalizzazione degli autovettori

$$\int dr r^2 R_{nlj}^*(r) R_{nlj}(r) = 1 \quad (A.25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int dr r^2 \sum_{m'=1}^M a_{m'}(nlj) R_{m'l'}^{HO}(r) \sum_{m=1}^M a_m(nlj) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) = \sum_{m'=1}^M a_{m'}(nlj) \sum_{m=1}^M a_m(nlj) \int dr r^2 R_{m'l'}^{HO}(r) R_{ml}^{HO}(r) = \\ & = \sum_{m'=1}^M a_{m'}(nlj) \sum_{m=1}^M a_m(nlj) \delta_{mm'} = \sum_{m=1}^M (a_m(nlj))^2 = 1 \end{aligned} \quad (A.26)$$