

• Similar results, with 18 structure functions are obtained when the residual nucleus of the Target is polarized, with S_T or $S_R = \frac{1}{2}$

• For a polarized particle with $S > \frac{1}{2}$ a more complicated than linear dependence on the spin of the particle results in W^{ab} and in $f_{\lambda\lambda'}$ and $f_{\lambda\lambda'}$ cannot be decomposed in a simple way. A complete determination of polarization observables requires a complicated analysis in terms of the components of irreducible statistical tensors.

• Situations where more particles are polarized are very complicated and do not seem of practical interest, as a complete information on the scattering process is contained in the reactions where only one of the hadrons is polarized